

OPIOID PAIN MEDICATION AGREEMENT

Place name sticker or stamp with card

(patient's name) This medication may not take away all my pain. should follow the directions given to me by my health care provider. I will not take more than what I am old to take. There are side effects of this medication described to me by my health care provider. All my questions about is medication have been answered. will call my health care provider's office if I am having side effects after starting this medication. This medication may make me sleepy. Driving or operating machinery while taking this medication has be dangerous. Taking alcohol or street drugs along with this medication is dangerous. Wy body may get used to the medication and if I stop it too quickly I could get sick. Some people have become addicted to these medications. If I think this is happening to me I will speak to my halth care provider. Intent's Signature		better control, and to help me reach the goals I have set (see pain
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Opioid treatment agreements

Notes about treatment agreements

- Treatment Agreements are documents created by different practices to help provide education and information articulating rationale and risks of treatment
- Helps to counsel patient on the risks and benefits of opioid analgesics, and obtain verbal informed consent for their use
- They are NOT "pain contracts"
 - Using such language can impede patient-provider communication
- Efficacy not well established
 - No standard or validated form
 - · No evidence they are detrimental
- But they are helpful
 - They should help a provider and patient have a conversation regarding the planned therapeutic regimen.
 - Takes "pressure" off provider to make individual decisions (Our clinic policy is...)

Issues to discuss in opioid agreement

- Discuss risks of opioid medications to help determine if benefits outweigh risks and to inform patients
 - Side effects physical dependence sedation
 - Drug interactions
 - Risk of misuse abuse, addiction, death
 - Legal responsibilities disposing, sharing
- Assign responsibility to look for early signs of harm
- Discuss monitoring, pill counts, drug tests, etc. as ways that help to protect patient from undue harm
 - Compare to statins and LFT monitoring analogy
 - Articulate monitoring (tox screen, pills counts) & action plans for aberrant medication taking behavior
- Use a consistent approach, but <u>set level of monitoring to match risk</u>

Naloxone and opiate overdose

- Death generally occurs within 1-3 hours of overdose (Kin, 2009)
- Bystander Naloxone use is associated with increased odds of recovery (Giglio, 2015)
- Discuss Naloxone with all patients who have an opiate use disorder
- Explain signs and symptoms of overdose (handouts and videos may help)

Naloxone Co-Prescribing

- Should be considered with all chronic opiate prescriptions
 - Death generally occurs within 1-3 hours of overdose (Kim, 2009)
- Bystander naloxone use is associated with increased odds of recovery (Giglio, 2015)
- Explain signs and symptoms of overdose
 - Classic triad: pinpoint pupils/very small pupils, unconsciousness/not responsive/won't wake up, respiratory depression/barely breathing/slow
- Share <u>handouts</u> and review naloxone use
- Share website with <u>videos</u> regarding OD recognition and naloxone use by patients and bystanders

Naloxone for Overdose Prevention

	"IMPORTANT:				
patient name	Administering				
	Naloxone to someone				
date of birth	who has NOT used				
	opiates does NO				
patient address	harm"				
patient city, state	7ID code				



prescriber phone number

Naloxone HCI 1 mg/mL 2 x 2 mL as pre-filleld Luer-Lock needless syringe (NDC 76329-3369-1)

Refills:

2 x Intranasal Mucosal Atomizing Device (MAD 300)

Refills:

For suspected opioid overdose, spray 1mL in each nostril. Repeat after 3 minutes if no or minimal response.

Pharmacist: Call 1-800-788-7999 to order MAD 300.

How to Avoid Overdose . Call a doctor if

- · Only take medicine prescribed to you
- · Don't take more than instructed
- your pain gets worse
- Never mix pain meds
 Store your medicine to an overdose with alcohol
- Avoid sleeping pills when taking pain meds naloxone
- Dispose of unused medications
- in a secure place
- · Learn how to use

· Teach your family + friends how to respond



Are they breathing? —— Call 911 for help

- Slow or shallow breathing
- Gasping for air when sleeping or weird snoring
- Pale or bluish skin
- · Slow heartbeat, low blood pressure
- Won't wake up or respond (rub knuckles on sternum)



All you have to say:

"Someone is unresponsive and not breathing." Give clear address and location.



Airway

Make sure nothing is inside the person's mouth.



Oxygen saves lives. Breathe for them. One hand on chin, tilt head back, pinch nose closed. Make a seal over mouth & breathe in

1 breath every 5 seconds

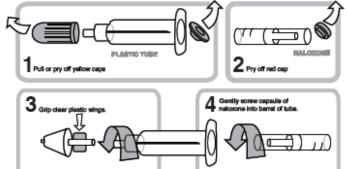
Chest should rise, not stomach



Prepare Naloxone

Are they any better? Can you get naloxone and prepare it quickly enough that they won't go for too long without your breathing assistance?

PrescribeToPrevent.org





Source: HarmReduction.org

Evaluate + support

- Give another 2 sprays of naioxone in 3 minutes if no or minimal breathing or responsiveness
- Naloxone wears off in 30-90 minutes
- Cornfort them; withdrawal can be unpleasant
- Get them medical care and help them not use more opiate right away
- · Encourage survivors to seek treatment if they feel they have a problem



v02.12.11

Naloxone Product Comparison								
	Injectable (and i IN) generic	intranasal-	Intranasal bran	ded	Injectable generic ¹		Auto-injector branded	
Sig. (for suspected opioid overdose)	Spray 1 ml (1/2 of into each nostril 2-3 minutes if no response.	. Repeat after	Spray 0.1 mL into one nostril. Repeat with second device into other nostril after 2-3 minutes if no or minimal response.		Inject 1 mL in shoulder or thigh. Repeat after 2-3 minutes if no or minimal response.		Inject into outer to by English voice-p Place black side fir thigh and depress seconds. Repeat of device in 2-3 minu minimal response	rompt system. rmly on outer and hold for 5 with second utes if no or
	•		0	rdering informa	ition			
How supplied	Box of 10 Luer-Jo glass syringes	et™ prefilled	Two-pack of single use intranasal devices		Box of 10 or package of 25 single-dose fliptop vials (1 ml)	Case of 25 multi- dose fliptop vials (10 ml)	Two pack of single injectors + 1 trains	
Manufacturer	IMS/ Amphastar	Teleflex (off-label IN adapter)	Adapt Pharma		Pfizer, Mylan and West-Ward Pharmaceuticals	Pfizer	ka	éo
Web address	Amphastar.com	Teleflex. com	Narcannasalspray.com		Pfizerinjectables.com Mylan.com West-ward.com	Pfizerinjectables.com	Evzio	.com
Customer service	800-423-4136	866-246-6990	844-462-7226		877-946-7747 (P) 724-514-1800 (M) 800-631-2174 (W)	877-946-7747 (P)	855-77	3-8946
NDC	76329-3369-01	DME- no NDC	69547-353-02	69547-212-04	00409-1215-01 (P) 67457-0292-02 (M) 0641-6132-25 (W)	00409-1219-01	60842-030-01	60842-051-01

¹ Pfizer acquired Hospira in 2015. Pfizer has an additional naloxone product, which is not recommended for layperson and take-home naloxone use because it is complicated to assemble. (Naloxone Hydrochloride Injection, USP, 0.4 mg/mL Carpuject™ Luer Lock Glass Syringe (no needle) NDC# 0409-1782-69)



²This product concentration is not yet currently available. As a result, some of the content is left blank.

³ EVZIO 2 mg is now available. As of February 2017, EVZIO 0.4 mg will no longer be manufactured, but is still currently available and effective.

⁴There is considerable price variance for each product-local pharmacists are able to provide specific local pricing. Image development supported by 1R01DA038082-01 Friedmann/Rich

NALOXONE PR	ICING IN THE C	OMMUNITY (As	of January 2019)		
		naloxone injection (0.4mg/mL)	naloxone prefilled syringe (2 mg/2 mL)	Narcan® nasal spray (4 mg/0.1 mL)	Evzio® auto- injector (2 mg/0.4 mL)
Route of medic	ation	Intramuscular only	Intranasal with atomizer	Intranasal	Intramuscular
Cash Price bas goodrx.com ¹	ed on	\$12.80 to \$21.13*	\$20.99 to \$36.85	\$129.99 to \$139.13	>\$3,720
CVS Pharmacy	2	\$18.99	\$38.99	\$95³	\$2,225.99
Walgreens⁴		NA	\$39.99	\$135	NA
MassHealth		\$3.65†	\$3.65†	\$3.65†	NA
Fallon Community Health Plan	Commercial 3-Tier or 4- tier Formulary	Tier 1 or Tier 2	Tier 1 or Tier 2	Tier 3 or Tier 4	Tier 3 or Tier 4; PA
	Hybrid	Tier 1	Tier 1	Tier 4	Tier 3; PA
	Formulary	\$1	\$1	50% coinsurance‡	\$30
	NaviCare (Medicare Part D)	Generic available through mail- order	Generic available through mail- order	Generic	NA
AllWays Health Partners §	3 Tier, 4 Tier, 5 Tier, 6 Tier Formulary	Tier 1 or Tier 2	\$0	Tier 2 or Tier 3	NA
Tufts	Health RITogether	Tier 1	NA	Tier 2; QL: 2 kits/30 days, 1 kit/Rx	Tier 2; QL: 4 units/30 days, 2 units/Rx; PA
	Health Direct	\$ 0	NA	\$0	Tier 3; QL: 4 units/30 days, 2 units/Rx; PA
Blue Cross Blue Shield of MA Standard	Standard 3- Tier Pharmacy Program Formulary	Tier 1	Tier 3	Tier 3	Tier 2
Harvard Pilgrim Health Care	3-Tier Prescription Drug Plan	\$0; QL: 2 ml/15 days	\$0; QL: 2 mL/15 days	\$0; QL: 2 bottles/15 days	Not covered

IM=intramuscular, IN=intranasal, IV=intravenous, NA=not available, PA=prior authorization, QL=quantity limit, RX=prescription Price per mL MassHealth copayment

^{‡\$400} maximum § Formerly Neighborhood Health Plan

^{1.} https://www.goodrx.com/

^{2.} CVS Source: 1163 Providence Road, Whitinsville, MA

^{3.} https://cvshealth.com/newsroom/press-releases/cvs-health-expands-efforts-educate-patients-about-naloxone

^{4.} Walgreens Source: 99 Stafford Street, Worcester, MA

Naloxone Standing Order:

- Naloxone is available in Massachusetts without a prescription through a statewide standing order.
- https://www.mass.gov/files/documents/2018/10/18/standing-order-dispensing-naloxone-rescuekits.pdf

Intranasal administration	Intramuscular injection
Naloxone 4 mg/0.1 mL nasal spray*	Naloxone 0.4 mg/mL in 1 mL single dose vials*
Directions for use: Administer a single spray of naloxone in one nostril. Repeat after 3 minutes if no or minimal response.	Directions for use: Inject 1 mL IM in shoulder or thigh. Repeat after 3 minutes if no or minimal response.
Naloxone 2 mg/2 mL single-dose Leur jet prefilled syringe*†	Naloxone 2 mg/0.4 mL auto-injector*
Directions for use: Spray 1 mL in each nostril. Repeat after 3 minutes if no or minimal response.	Directions for use: Follow audio instructions from device. Place on thigh and inject 0.4 mL. Repeat after 3 minutes if no or minimal response.

^{*}Dispense two doses

Other resources related to naloxone procurement:

- Massachusetts Department of Public Health (DPH) Overdose Education and Naloxone Distribution (OEND)
 - https://www.mass.gov/service-details/information-for-community-members-about-how-to-get-naloxone
- AIDS Project Worcester provides free Narcan and Narcan training on a scheduled or walk-in basis through the Joe McKee Care Center. https://www.aidsprojectworcester.org/narcan/
- Evzio Patient Assistance Program: https://evzio.com/patient/in-chronic-pain/kaleo-cares/
 - US citizens without insurance (commercial, state, or federal) and an annual household income <\$100,000

[†] Atomizer dispensed separately

Recognition of Opioid Overdose

- Classic triad:
 - Coma (depressed mental status)
 - Pinpoint pupils
 - Respiratory depression (<12 breaths/min in adults)
 - All three may not be present
 - Patients in recovery can be prescribed opiates when benefit outweighs risk (such as major surgery, trauma), but there must be careful planning, open discussion, safe dispensing and close monitoring.
 - Increasingly opioid deaths involve fentanyl, either alone or in combination with heroin (https://www.bostonglobe.com/metro/2016/11/07/overdose-deaths-mass-continue-surge/z9AdKhXF43NAhngHYvTguO/story.html)

PHYSICIAN'S ORDERS ADULT INTRAVENOUS PATIENT-CONTROLLED ANALGESIA (PCA)

BIRTHDATE/AGE:	SEX:	

MEDICAL RECORD NUMBER:

ECD / ACCOUNT NUMBER:

PRINT CLEARLY IN INK OR IMPRINT WITH PATIENT'S CARD

3

PROVIDER TO SIGN AND PLACE PAGER NUMBER LEGIBLY UNDER EACH ORDER SET INDICATE CHOICE OF ORDER OPTIONS BY USING ∑ IN CHECK BOXES ☑

Attending/Change Attend	ding To:						Pager:
Resident:		(First) Pager:		Overni	ght coverage:	ist)	Pager:
Intern/NP/PA (First Call):		Pager:			Staff Coverage:	Yes	No (uncovered)
	THER ORDERS		DATE	TIME			RDERS ONLY
		decline union	DATE	HIME	_		
Assess pain and sedat		ii policy, using					and benzodiszepines; additional
appropriate tools (e.g.					opoos ano benzo	dazepnes mu	st be re-ordered with initiation of PCA
Obtain vital signs, pain.							
or change in PCA. Ther					1. Choose drug, do		
levels every 15 min x 4					(CHOOSE ONLY		CATEGORY):
 Monitor continuous ; 					Standard Dose:		
ordering team thereafte	er to continue monitorin	ng as needed.			☐ Morphine 1 n		
Call MD/LIP for:					PCA dose:		al dose 1mg, range 0.5 - 5mg)
 Respiratory rate < 10 					☐ HYDROmorpi		
 Unsatisfactory analg 	esia > 1 hour from prev	rious adjustment			PCA dose:	mg (usua	l dose 0.2mg, range 0.1 - 1.4mg)
 Increasing sedation 	(POSS score ≥ 3 or RA	ASS < 0)			☐ FentaNYL 20	mcg/mL	
 Unsatisfactorily treat 	ted nausea/vomiting or	pruritus			PCA dose:	mcg (usu	al dose 10 mcg, range 10 -50mcg
If no other IV ordered,	use NS at 30mL/hr to n	naintain IV			Lockout Interval:	(usual 6 n	nin; range 6-30 min)
access for PCA					High Dose (only f	or apioid-tole	rant patients):
Educate the patient an	d family on the proper of	use of the PCA			☐ Morphine 5 n	ng/mL	
pump					PCA dose:	mg (ran	ge 0.5 - 10 mg)
					☐ HYDROmorph	hone 1 mg/	mL
*Note: Morphine is the ini	itial drug of choice if the	e patient has			PCA dose: _	mg (ran	ge 0.1 - 2 mg)
normal renal function.					☐ FentaNYL 20		
					PCA dose:	mcg (ra	nge 10 - 100 mcg)
					Lockout Interval:	(usual 10	min; range 6-30min)
					Intractable Pain De	ose (use requ	uires palliative care or pain
					anesthesia approval i	f not in ICU; o	only for opioid-tolerant patients):
					☐ Morphine 5 n	ng/mL	
					PCA dose:	mg (no	range)
					HYDROmorph	hone 1 mg/	mL
					PCA dose:	mg (no	
					☐ FentaNYL 20	mcg/mL	
					PCA dose:	mcg (n	o range)
					Lockout Interval:	(usual 10	min; range 6-30min)
					2. One hr limit:		ndudes max PCA doses
*Note: Hard ranges for **	continuous infusion i	n Alaris pump			+ continuous dos	es total in 1 l	hour)
(doses above the following					3. PCA **continuou	ıs infusion (Only for opioid-tolerant patients.
dosing library. Please orde							sthesia or palliative care if not in ICU)
Pump Rate Limits	Standard Dose	High Dose					,
Morphine	1mg/hr	5mg/hr			□ 23:00PM - 7:	00AM.	/ hour
HYDROmorphone	0.2mg/hr	2mg/hr					
FentaNYL	10mcg/hr	50mcg/hr			(For order	rs PRN respi	ratory depression, see page 3
Signature of MD/DO/NP/P			Driet	ed Name:	-		Pager:
_	n.	D		o realité.		D-4	
Signature of RN:		Printed Name	e.			Date:	Time:

Prohibited Abbreviations: U, qd, qod, IU, .1 (write 0.1), 1.0 (write 1), MS, MSO4, MgSO4

810672 Rev 03/22/15



Patient Name:	MRN:	Date:	810672 Pg 2 of 4

CLINICAL GUIDE FOR CHANGING OPIOID ANALGESICS

Oral / Rectal (mg)	Analgesic	Parenteral (mg)
200	Codeine	100
300	Tramadol	-
30	Hydrocodone	-
30	Morphine	10
20	Oxycodone	-
6	Hydromorphone	1.5
(-)	Fentanyl	0.1 (100mcg)
	Oxymorphone	

CALCULATING FORMULA

To convert from one opioid or route of administration to another opioid or route of administration:

current opioid dose (mg), route Х

FROM CHART desired opioid current opioid

 desired opioid dose (mg), route

ADJUSTING FOR INCOMPLETE CROSS TOLERANCE

Based on level of pain control at the time of conversion

Poor pain control 100%

Moderate pain control 75%

Excellent pain control 50%

FENTANYL CONVERSION

(not to be used for acute pain management)

Oral Morphine 50-100mg / 24 hours

Fentanyl 25 mcg / hour patch

ORAL/TRANSDERMAL AVAILABILITY OF COMMONLY PRESCRIBED OPIOIDS

Tramadol 50mg tablets

Morphine Immediate-release: 30mg tablets

Controlled-release: 15mg, 30mg, 60mg, 100mg tablets

Oral solution: 20mg / 10mL, 20mg/mL

Oxycodone Immediate-release: 5mg tablets

Controlled-release: 10mg, 20mg, 40mg tablets

Oral solution: 5mg / 5mL, 20mg/mL

Hydromorphone 2mg, 4mg tablets

3mg suppositories

Fentanyl Transdermal patches: 12mcg, 25mcg, 50mcg, 75mcg, 100mcg

For specific questions regarding hospital formulary, please contact the main pharmacy. (Memorial Campus X46356, University Campus X62775)

PHYSICIAN'S ORDERS ADULT INTRAVENOUS PATIENT-CONTROLLED ANALGESIA (PCA)

Page 3 of 4

Weight

YES (LIST BELOW) OR LISTED PREVIOUSLY

Kg.

Lbs.

Height

ALLERGIES:

NONE KNOWN

Inches

MEDICAL RECORD NUMBER:

ECD / ACCOUNT NUMBER:

PRINT CLEARLY IN INK OR IMPRINT WITH PATIENT'S CARD

3

PROVIDER TO SIGN AND PLACE PAGER NUMBER LEGIBLY UNDER EACH ORDER SET INDICATE CHOICE OF ORDER OPTIONS BY USING X IN CHECK BOXES ⊠

	IND	ICATE CHO	DICE OF ORDER OPTIONS BY USING	X IN CHECK BOXES
Attending/Change Attending To:				Pager:
(First)			(Last)	rager
Resident: Pager:		Overni	ght coverage:	Pager:
Intern/NP/PA (First Call): Pager:		House	Staff Coverage: Yes	No (uncovered)
ALL OTHER ORDERS	DATE	TIME	MEDICATION OF	RDERS ONLY
1. Prevention of Constipation:			4. Treatments PRN Pruritus:	
☐ Senna 2 tabs PO BID (hold for >3 loose stools/day)			Diphenhydramine (Benadryl)	125-25mg IV q4hrs PRN pruritus
recommended			Other:	
☐ Docusate sodium (Colace) 100mg PO BID (hold for >3				
loose stools/day) recommended			5. Treatments PRN Respirator	y Depression:
Other:			☑ If patient is hemodynamics	ally stable with signs of
			respiratory depression (e.	g. RR <10 and [POSS≥3
2. Treatment of Constipation			or RASS < 0])	
Choose one Oral Laxative:			(a) administer O2 at 4L/m	in by NC
Polyethylene glycol (Miralax) 17gm PO daily if >24hrs without BM			(b) stop opioid infusion	
☐ Milk of magnesia 30mL PO q6hrs PRN if >24hrs without BM			(c) call MD/LIP and	
Choose Rectal PRN Laxative(s):			(d) use 1mL luer-lock syrin	nge with Naloxone 0.4mg/1mL
Bisacodyl (Dulcolax) 10mg PR q6hrs PRN if unable to			vial and administer Na	aloxone 0.04mg IV (0.1mL)
take PO and/or >24 hrs without BM despite oral laxatives			every 3 minutes up to	0.12mg IV PRN
☐ High tap water enema PR daily PRN > 48 hrs without BM			☑ If patient is hemodynamics	
and bisacodyl PR unsuccessful			(POSS > 3 or RASS < 0)	,
Other:				tient full code or call MD/LIP
			if DNR/DNI	
3. Treatments PRN Nausea/Vomiting (N/V) (choose one):				.2mg IV every 3 minutes up to
☐ Meto dopramide (Reglan) 10mg IV q6hrs PRN nasuea/				2 hours PRN; higher doses
vomiting (first choice for patients with impaired GI motility)				suspicion for opioid-induced
Ondansetron (Zofran) 4mg IV q8hrs PRN nausea/vomiting			respiratory depression	
(first choice for patients post-anesthesia or receiving				
cancer-directed therapy)				
Other:				
Signature of MD/DO/NP/PA:	Print	ed Name:	1	Pager:
Signature of RN: Printed Nam			Date:	Time:

Prohibited Abbreviations: U, qd, qod, IU, .1 (write 0.1), 1.0 (write 1), MS, MSO4, MgSO4 810672 Rev 03/22/15



Patient Name:	MRN:	Date:	810672 Pg 4 of 4
	Suggestions Regarding Treatm	ent of Side Effects:	

Constipation:

The daily regimen should be increased if frequent rescue medication for constipation is necessary.

- Opioid reduce peristalsis. All patients on opioids need a daily stimulant laxative to prevent constipation, as well as rescue medication if
 constipation persists.
- 2. Consider the following protocol:
 - i. Start with senna (max of 8 tabs/day) and docusate
 - Order oral and rectal laxatives PRN and use if no bowel movement in 1-2 days.
 - iii. Titrate daily maintenance regimen as needed.
- Note: Some patients are not appropriate to receive rectal laxatives or enemas (e.g. patients with neutropenia).

Nausea/Vomiting: tolerance will usually develop to opioid induced nausea/vomiting

- Constipation may contribute or be the source of nausea so be sure to treat the constipation.
- Consider pathophysiology of patients' nausea to guide treatment.
- 3. For opioid-induced nausea, dopamandergic agents can work best.
 - Metoclopramide can also help with poor GI motility (watch for drug induced movement disorders)
 - ii. Haldoperidol non-sedating, 0.5mg IV every 6 hours PRN (watch for drug induced movement disorders)
 - iii. Prochlorperazine (Compazine) 25mg PR every 12 hours PRN nausea/vomiting
 - iv. Ondasetron can be effective, especially in post-op setting; can cause constipation and headache

Pruritus:

- Consider opioid rotation
- Diphenhydramine can decrease the opioid induced histamine release that triggers itching.

3

UMASS MEMORIAL MEDICAL CENTER PHYSICIAN'S ORDERS CHRONIC PANCREATITIS Page 1 of 4

Height Inches	Cm.		Weight Lbs.	Kg.
ALLERGIES: NONE KNOWN		YES (LIST BE	LOW) OR	LISTE D PREVIOUSLY

ADDRESS:

NAME

BIRTHDATE/AGE:

SEX:

MEDICAL RECORD NUMBER:

PRINT CLEARLY IN INK OR IMPRINT WITH PATIENTS CARD

Date:

PROVIDER TO SIGN AND PLACE P INDICATE CHOICE OF ORDE			EGIBLY UNDER EA ING <u>X</u> IN CHECK BO) E I	
Attending/Change Attending To:						Pager:
(First)		Overni		ist)		Decer
Resident: Pager:			ght coverage: Staff Coverage:	Yes	□ No	Pager: (uncovered)
Intern/NP/PA (First Call): Pager:	D.175					
ALL OTHER ORDERS	DATE	TIME		DICATION		
Diagnosis: Chronic Pancreatitis Day 1			See Medication Rec	conciliation O	rder Form	for preadmission
Status: INPATIENT must meet BOTH of the following:			medications.	- Conform		
Worsening abdominal pain			New Admission Me	edications:		
Unresponsive to >3 doses analgesia (includes PO) within last 24hrs NURSING:						
			Ohmorrio Controli			
Pulse Ox and vital signs every shift			Glycemic Control:		0-1 80	
Apply 02 NC to keep: Please circle: 02sat > 92% or 02sat 88-92%			Insulin and FSB	S per insulin	Order Sh	eet
Call provider if patient has temp > 38.0°C, BP < 90, HR < 50 or > 100			DVT Prophylaxis:			
			Enoxaparin 40m	o outon dolla		
Call provider if patient leaves unit except for testing Patient to remain on unit while on PCA for safety			☐ Enoxaparin 30m			< 20ml (min)
			Heparin 5000 ur		_	hours
Activity: Ambulate with assistance; advance activity per Nursing assessment.			Intermittent Pne			
Out of bed Ambulate with assistance in hall 3x day			Withdrawal:	umate comp	ression b	ous .
Other:			CIWA Protocol (complete CIWA form)			
Diet: ⊠ NPO			See Nicotine De			Order Sheet
IV: Normal saline IVF at mL/hr for			Pain Control Regin		Carnan	
Labs: S CBC, BMP, Mag & Phos (if not done in ED)			Note: Discontinue		e regime	n
			PCA (complete F			
☐ Hepatic Panel ☐ ALC blood alcohol level (if not done in ED)			Gabapentin 300			s then increase to
UTOX urine tox screen (if not done in ED)						ents who have no
COHB Carboxyhemaglobin to assess for recent smoking			history of allergy			
(if not done in ED)			Bowel Regimen (re			r with opiods):
Other: For Tracking Purposes			Docusate 100mg			,
Patient of the UMMMC Pancreatitis Clinic			Senna 1		QH	S BID
Has patient had confirmation of pancreatitis diagnosis by EUS,			PRN constipatio			
CT scan or secretion stimulation test? ☐ Yes ☐ No			Miralax 17gm PK	O BID		
Consults: Tobacco Cessation (for smokers unwilling to stop)			☐ Milk of Magnesia	a 10mL PO e	very 4 ho	urs PRN constipation
Gastroenterology (recommended broadents without confirmed degrees)			Antiemetic:			
Social Work ■ Social Work Social Work			☐ Metoclopramide	10mg IV eve	ry 6 hour	s PRN nausea
☐ Health Psychology consult, Ext 62148			Ondansetron 4n			
Advanced Directive:						
Full Code						
DNR (complete Orders for Limitation of Treatment Directives,						
form ID 810194)						
Signature of MD/DO/NP/PA:	Printed I	Name:				Pager:



Time:

Printed Name:

UMASS MEMORIAL MEDICAL CENTER

OO MEMORINE MEDIONE OF
PHYSICIAN'S ORDERS
CHRONIC PANCREATITIS
Page 2 of 4

	Page 2 of 4	BIR THDATE/AGE:
Height nohes Cm.	Weight Lbs. Kg.	
NONE KNOWN	S(LIST BELOW) OR USTED PREVIOUSL	MEDICAL RECORD NUMBER:

PRINT CLEARLY IN INK OR IMPRINT WITH PATIENT'S CARD

SEX

ADDRESS:

PROVIDER TO SIGN AND PLACE PAGER NUMBER LEGIBLY UNDER EACH ORDER SET INDICATE CHOICE OF ORDER OPTIONS BY USING X IN CHECK BOXES [2] Attending/Change Attending To: Pager: ___ (First) Resident: ___ Pager: _ Overnight coverage: _ Pager: ___ House Staff Coverage: Yes No (uncovered) Intern/NP/PA (First Call): _ Pager: DATE ALL OTHER ORDERS TIME MEDICATION ORDERS ONLY Chronic Pancreatitis Day 2 See Medication Reconciliation Order Form for preadmission Diagnosis: medications. Notes: New or Changed Medications: No routine follow-up CBC, BMP, Mg, Phos, amylase, lipase recommended unless clinically indicated to follow a comorbid condition. *All patients should be transitioned to oral pain management Activity: Note: encourage ambulation unless one of the below conditions exist (please check): Out of bed to chair for all meals and toileting Unable to tolerate PO Other: Uncontrolled pain Pain Control Regimen: Note: recommend advancing diet if pain improving D/C PCA and resume home pain regimen (MD must order ☐ Clear liquids individual medications) Consults: Gastroenterology (consider if failing to improve) PT (recommended if patient is not ambulating at baseline) Other: REMINDER: Please plan for discharge now by obtaining PCP and Pancreatitis Clinic follow-up appointments. Signature of MD/DO/NP/PA: Printed Name: Pager:



Date:

Time:

Printed Name:

Signature of RN:

UMASS MEMORIAL MEDICAL CENTER PHYSICIAN'S ORDERS **CHRONIC PANCREATITIS**

Page 3 of 4

Height		Weight	
Inches	Cm.	Lbs.	Kg
ALLERGIES: NONE KNOWN	YES (LIST BE	LOW) OR	LISTED PREVIOUSLY

ADDRESS:

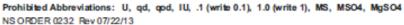
BIRTHDATE/AGE:

MEDICAL RECORD NUMBER:

PRINT CLEARLY IN INK OR IMPRINT WITH PATIENT'S CARD

SEX:

	PROVIDER TO SIGN AND PLACE PAGER NUMBER LEGIBLY UNDER EACH ORDER SET INDICATE CHOICE OF ORDER OPTIONS BY USING X IN CHECK BOXES ☑						
Attending/Change Attending To:					Pager:		
(First)			(La	ist)			
			ght coverage:		Pager:		
Intern/NP/PA (First Call): Pager:		House	Staff Coverage:	Yes	No (uncovered)		
ALL OTHER ORDERS	DATE	TIME	MED	ICATION O	RDERS ONLY		
Diagnosis: Chronic Pancreatitis Day 3			See Medication Rec	conciliation Or	rder Form for preadmission		
			medications.				
Discharge today as all the following stability criteria are me	l:		New or Changed M	ledications:			
- Tolderating diet (able to tolerate > 300 mL of fluids							
- Pain controlled and converted to PO							
- Ambulating							
Continue Inpatient Admission as above ofteria not met							
					ned to oral pain management		
Activity:					ions exist (please check):		
Note: encourage ambulation			Unable to tolerat	ePO			
Out of bed to chair for all meals and toileting							
Other:			Pain Control Regin				
					ain regimen (MD must order		
Diet:			individual medica	ations)			
Low fat Cear liquids							
Other:			Note: If patient rep	oorts pain no	t controlled, contact Health		
			Psychology.				
Labs:							
COHB Carboxyhemaglobin (consider for smokers who are							
failing to improve)							
Consults:							
Nutrition (recommended for patients < 300m), oral intake of fluid:	:)						
PT (recommended if patient is not ambulating at baseline)							
	+						
	+						
Signature of MD/DO/NP/PA:	Printed	Name:			Pager:		
Signature of RN: Printed Na	me:			Date:	Time:		





UMASS MEMORIAL MEDICAL CENTER PHYSICIAN'S ORDERS

CHRONIC PANCREATITIS
Page 4 of 4

Height		Weight	
Inches	Cm.	Lbs.	Kg.
ALLERGIES: NONE KNOWN	YES (LIST SE	LOW) OR	LISTED PREVIOUSLY

NAME:

ADDRESS:

BIRTHDATE/AGE:

SEX:

MEDICAL RECORD NUMBER:

PRINT CLEARLY IN INK OR IMPRINT WITH PATIENT'S CARD

3

PROVIDER TO SIGN AND PLACE INDICATE CHOICE OF ORD					SET	
Attending/Change Attending To:						Pager:
(First)				Last)		
Resident: Pager:			ght coverage:			Pager:
Intern/NP/PA (First Call): Pager:		House	Staff Coverage:	Yes	No	(uncovered)
ALL OTHER ORDERS	DATE	TIME	ME	EDICATION (ORDERS	ONLY
Diagnosis: Chronic Pancreatitis Day 4			See Medication Re	econciliation C	order Form	n for preadmission
			medications.			
Discharge today as all the following stability criteria are met:			New or Changed	Medications:		
- Tolderating diet (able to tolerate > 300 mL of fluids						
- Pain controlled and converted to PO						
- Ambulating						
Continue Inpatient Admission as the following criteria not						
met:						
Activity:						
Note: encourage ambulation						
Out of bed to chair for all meals and toileting						
Other:						
Diet:						
Low fat Cear liquids						
Other:						
Labs:						
COHB Carboxyhemaglobin (consider for smokers who are						
failing to improve)						
Consults:						
Nutrition (recommended for patients < 300mL oral intake of fuids)					
PT (recommended if patient is not ambulating at baseline)						
	1					
	1					
	1					
Signature of MD/DO/NP/PA:	Printed	Name:				Pager:
ognatic of mojoo/int/FA	Fillion	valle.				rago.

Urine Toxicology Screening

- No unified guidelines for urine toxicology screening but generally
 - Twice per year for low risk patients
 - At least monthly in higher risk patients or those with aberrant behavior
- Urine tox screens differ by labs, you must check those where you work; generally assess for
 - Opiates, benzodiazepines, barbiturates, cocaine, THC (principle active component of cannabis), amphetamine
 - See additional resources on the OSTI website

Urine Screen for Opioids

- Possible reasons for negative urine opiate screens
 - Immunoassays for opiates are based on finding morphine in the urine, which is the metabolite for morphine, codeine, and heroin.
 - These tests do not reliably detect synthetic and semisynthetic opioids, such as oxycodone, hydrocodone, methadone, buprenorphine, or fentanyl.
- If a provider needs to test for the presence of synthetic and semisynthetic opioids, he or she must order specific testing for these agents and communicate with the lab to make sure that the right type of testing is used for each patient.

Interpretation of Opioid Urine Drug Screens

Summary

Urine drug testing is highly reliable, but false positives can rarely occur for some drugs. As always, clinical judgment is necessary when interpreting test results. The length of time a drug can be detected in the urine varies due to several factors, including hydration, dosing, metabolism, body mass, urine pH, duration of use, and a drug's particular pharmacokinetics.

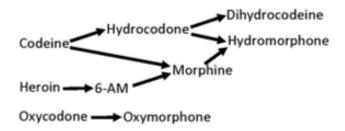
(See table below for some "average" times for different drugs.)

Length of Time Drugs of Abuse Can Be Detected in Urine Drug	Time
Alcohol	7-12 h
Amphetamine	48 h
Methamphetamine	48 h
Barbiturate	
Short-acting (eg, pentobarbital)	24 h
Long-acting (eg, phenobarbitol)	3 wk
Benzodiazepine	
Short-acting (eg, Iorazepam)	3 d
Long-acting (eg, diazepam)	30 d
Cocaine metabolites	2-4 d
Marijuana	
Single use	3 d
Moderate use (4 times/wk)	5-7 d
Daily use	10-15 d
Long-term heavy smoker	30 d
Opioids	
Codeine	48 h
Heroin (detected as morphine)	48 h
Hydromorphone	2-4 d
Methadone	3 d
Morphine	48-72 h
Oxycodone	2-4 d
Propoxyphene	6-48 h
Phencyclidine	8 d

⁻⁻ Mayo Clinic Proc. 2008; 83(1)66-76

Sometimes the specific drug ingested is not detected, but instead one of its metabolites is found.

Opiate/Opioid Metabolism



Fentanyl (Duragesic) is not easily detected in either urine or serum.

Drug	Half-life (hr)	Metabolites	Concentrations above the cutoff will screen positive for
morphine	1.5 - 6.5	normorphine, hydromorphone (<2.5%)	Opiates
codeine	1 - 4	morphine, hydrocodone (<11%), norcodeine	Opiates
oxycodone	4 - 12	oxymorphone, noroxycodone	Oxycodone
oxymorphone	3 - 6	6-hydroxy-oxymorphone	Oxycodone
hydrocodone	3.5 - 9	hydromorphone, norhydrocodone, dihydrocodeine	Opiates
hydromorphone	3-9	hydromorphol	Opiates

For more information visit:

 $\frac{https://www.fda.gov/MedicalDevices/Products and MedicalProcedures/InVitroDiagnostics/Drugs of Abuse}{Tests/default.htm}$

Clinical Guide for Changing Opioid Analgesics

Oral/Rectal (mg)	Analgesic	Parenteral (mg)
200 mg	Codeine	-
300mg	Tramadol*	-
30 mg	Hydrocodone	-
30 mg	Morphine	10 mg
20 mg	Oxycodone	-
6 mg	Hydromorphone	1.5 mg
_	Fentanyl	0.1 mg (100mcg)

Calculation Formula

To convert from one opioid or route of administration to another opioid or route of administration:

 $\begin{array}{ccc} & & & & & & & & \\ \text{current opioid} & \text{x} & \left(\begin{array}{c} & & \text{desired opioid} \\ \hline \text{dose (mg), route} \end{array} \right) & = & & \text{desired opioid} \\ \text{dose (mg), route} & & & & \end{array}$

Adjusting for Incomplete Cross Tolerance

Based on level of pain control at the time of conversion

Poor pain control	100%	
Moderate pain control	75%	
Excellent pain control	50%	



Fentanyl Conversion

Fentanyl

(Not to be used for acute pain management.)

Oral morphine 50 - 100 mg/24 hours ~

Fentanyl 25 mcg/hour patch

Oral/Transdermal Availability of Commonly Prescribed Opioids

Codeine	15 mg, 30 mg tablets
Tramadol	50 mg tablets
Morphine	Immediate-release: 30 mg tablets Controlled-release: 15 mg, 30 mg, 60 mg, 100 mg tablets Oral solution: 20mg/10ml, concentrate: 20mg/ml
Oxycodone	Immediate-release: 5 mg tablets Controlled-release: 10 mg, 20 mg, 40 mg tablets Oral solution: 5 mg/5ml, concentrate: 20 mg/ml
Hydromorphone	2 mg, 4 mg tablets 3 mg suppositories

Combination Products: No more than 8 tablets per day

100 mcg

Codeine/APAP (Tylenol #3)	30mg codeine/300 mg acetaminophen tablets Oral solution: 36 mg codeine/360 mg acetaminophen/5 ml
Hydrocodone/ APAP (Vicodin)	5 mg hydrocodone/500 mg acetaminophen tablet
Oxycodone/APAP (Percocet)	5 mg oxycodone/325 mg acetaminophen tablet

Transdermal patches: 25 mcg, 50 mcg, 75 mcg,

For specific questions regarding hospital formulary, please contact the main pharmacy (Memorial Campus x46356, University Campus x62775)

Safety Monitoring Guidelines

- Discuss the risks and benefits of opioid treatment with your patients openly.
- Thoroughly assess for risk of substance misuse disorder
- initially and continue monitoring for aberrant behavior
- For chronic opioids, establish prescription medication
- treatment agreement and review it periodically with
- patient (at least annually)
- Perform urine toxicology screening (see below)
- Perform pill counts
- Utilize the prescription drug monitoring program website
- Follow universal precautions! (see below)

Note: Chronic pain is defined as lasting >12 weeks (ICD 10)

Universal Precautions for safe prescribing of opiate medications

Table 4. The 10 steps of Universal Precautions35;60	
1.	Make a diagnosis with appropriate differential and a plan for further evaluation and investigation of underlying conditions to try to address the medical condition that is responsible for the pain
2.	Psychologic assessment, including risk of addictive disorders
3.	Informed consent
4.	Treatment agreement
5.	Pre-/post-treatment assessment of pain level and function
6.	Appropriate trial of opioid therapy +/- adjunctive medication
7.	Reassessment of pain score and level of function
8.	Regularly assess the "Four As" of pain medicine ^a • Analgesia, Activity, Adverse reactions, and Aberrant behavior
9.	Periodically review management of the underlying condition that is responsible for the pain, the pain diagnosis and comorbid conditions relating to the underlying condition, and the treatment of pain and comorbid disorders
10.	Documentation of medical management and of pain management according to state guidelines and requirements for safe prescribing

Red and Yellow Flag Behaviors for Substance Use Disorders

Red

- Deterioration in functioning at work or socially
- Illegal activities—selling medications, forging prescriptions, or buying medications from nonmedical sources
- Using medications in ways other than prescribed (e.g., injecting or snorting medication)
- Multiple reports of lost or stolen prescriptions
- Resistance to change in medications despite adverse effects
- Refusal to comply with random drug screens, call backs, or pill counts
- Concurrent abuse of alcohol or drugs
- Use of multiple physicians and pharmacies

Yellow (could be normal but combined may be of concern)

- Complaints about need for more medication
- Drug hoarding
- Nonadherence to recommendations for nonmedication pain therapies
- Acquiring similar medications from other providers
- Occasional unsanctioned dose escalation
- Requesting specific pain medications
- Taken in the context of a patient's presentation and history, this
 - could be a sign of "seeking" certain medications, or if patients ask
 - for specific medications it could be because this has worked in
 - the past. (consider a patient asking for a specific blood pressure
 - medicine that has worked well in the past, providers would likely
 - restart it immediately)

Key Concepts for OSTI

- Opioid use disorder is and should be treated as a chronic illness.
- The opiate epidemic has impacted communities of color for years. The current national focus suggests bias in the healthcare system, policymakers and media.
- Safe-prescribing does <u>not</u> mean NO prescribing, even for patients in recovery.
- The prescription monitoring program (PMP or MassPAT) provides accurate, up-to-date prescribing information and must be accessed before prescribing
- Co-prescribing naloxone should be considered for any patient on chronic opiates.
- Best practices include risk assessment (including for diversion), informed consent, monitoring, safe storage and disposal counseling.
- Medication assisted treatment/Medications for opioid use disorder with agents such as methadone, buprenorphine or naltrexone can act as a bridge or long-term therapy to assist patients in overcoming opioid use disorders.